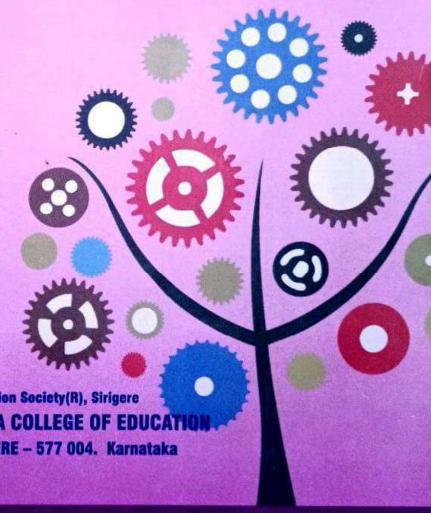
# **C**ONTINUOUS AND COMPREHENSIVE EVALUATION

#### **EDITORS**

Dr. H.V. Vamadevappa Dr. H. Mallikarjunappa Dr. K.T. Nagaraja Naik





Sri Taralabalu Jagadguru Education Society(R), Sirigere **MAKANUR MALLESHAPPA COLLEGE OF EDUCATI** Anubhava mantapa, DAVANGERE - 577 004. Karnataka



Sponsored by: **University Grants Commission**  grounding in testing, the learning process and the subject grounding in testing, the test. The test interpret must be matter covered by the test. The test interpret must be knowledgeable of testing in order to place the psychometric characteristics of the test in proper perspective and to interpret the test scores. Similarly, knowledge and understanding of the process of learning and skill of learning is essential for making meaningful suggestions for remedial programmers. So, it is desirable that test should be administrated and interpreted by a school psychologist or a child clinical psychologist.

Diagnostic evolution is usually done in the beginning of the teaching learning process in order to find out specific weakness and specific strengths. This helps to design the courses and curricula according to the capabilities of the

learner to help in to overcome his deficiencies in knowledge, skills and abilities.

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# CO SCHOLASTIC AREAS IN CONTINUOUS AND COMPREHENSIVE EVALUATION

Nagendrappa S., Dr. Shivakumar G.S.

#### Introduction:

Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) refers to a system of school-based evaluation of students that covers all aspects of students' development. It is a developmental process of assessment which emphasizes on two fold objectives. These objectives are continuity in evaluation and assessment of broad based learning and behaviourial outcomes on the other.

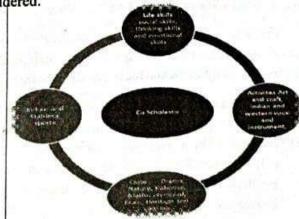
In this scheme the term 'continuous' is meant to emphasise that evaluation of identified aspects of students' 'growth and development' is a continuous process rather than an event, built into the total teaching-learning process and spread over the entire span of academic

session. The second term 'comprehensive' means that the scheme attempts to cover both the scholastic and the co scholastic aspects of students' growth and development.

SCHOLASTIC CO-SCHOLASTIC

Co Scholastic areas: The Co-scholastic areas are concerned with the learner's attitudes, interests, values, feelings, habits, social interaction in the development of various domains of mind and personality such as intellectual development, emotional development, social development, moral development and aesthetic development. Creativity, Enthusiasm, and Energetic, Positive thinking are some of the facets of personality development

Development of co- scholastic aspects of the personality such as Life Skills, Attitudes and Values, participation and achievement in Co-Curricular activities as well as Health and Physical Education need to be considered.





Davangere in Karnataka. He has put in 30 years of service in the field of teacher education. He also worked as visiting professor in P.G Department of education, Kuvempu and Davangere universities. He worked as chairman and member of various academic bodies of different universities. He has authored and co-authored more than 10 books on teacher education. As a research guide he successfully guided 6 candidates for Ph.D., degree and 10 candidates for M.Phil., degree in Education. He has published number of research articles in national and International journals and presented papers in National and International seminars and conferences. He worked as member of D.Ed., text book preparation committee and reviewer of I and II PUC Education text books (2013-14). For his outstanding contributions and commitment to the field of Education AIR INDIA and Prajavani, Bangalore jointly awarded BOLT (Board Outlook Learner Teacher) Award in 2004. He is closely associated with many professional bodies and social service organizations and actively engaged in teaching, training, research, consultancy and social service.

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न्द्रविक्रिकार्य

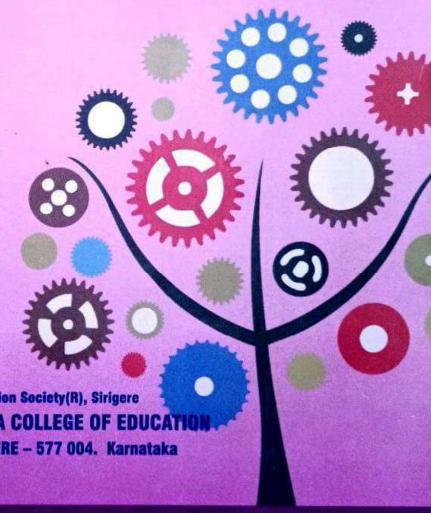
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# DIAGNOSTIC TESTING & REMEDIAL TEACHING

Nagendrappa S., Dr. Shivakumar, G.S

Introduction

### Diagnostic Testing

School education is the necessary foundation for strengthening human resources that has been deemed central for the National development. Since the time of our independence, many committees and commissions persistently emphasized upon the free and compulsory education in our country. Among various measures that have been adopted to expand the provisions for realizing the goal of Universalizing elementary education, the National Policy of Education had made several recommendations to improve the quality of school education. The recommendations include the childcentered approach improvement in the quality of education through reforms in the context and the process of education, school facilities, additional teachers, laying down minimum levels of learning, and emphasis upon continuous and comprehensive evaluation.

Concept of Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation is a process of determining the extent to which the objectives are achieved. It is not only concerned with the appraisal of achievement, but also with its improvement. As testing evaluation is also concerned with identification of learning experiences and educative environment to produce changes in the learner's behaviour. It involves information gathering, information processing, judgment forming, and decision-making. In recent years, there has been a growing concern for improving the quality of achievement of all students at elementary level

After completing a particular unit/topic you conduct a test to assess the achievements of learners. After evaluation you draw some conclusions and you find that some of the students have fared very well and a particular group of students have achieved below your expectations. Now you will have to find out the causes for this low achievement or slow learning. There would be certain reasons for this low achievement. Now it is very essential to find out the particular area where the difficulty lies or the particular concept where the learner commits errors.

To locate and identify the areas of learning. After identifying the areas of difficulties leads to Diagnostic Testing, where the error lies, you have to find out the reasons due to which the particular child/group of students have not responded well. At this stage you have to play the role of a doctor. If a patient visits the doctor's clinic he suggests different tests relevant to the symptoms observed by him. After getting reports he is in a position to identify and diagnose the disease and then prescribe the medicine for Likewise, as a teacher, you have to first identify and locate the area where the error lies. The process adopted for this purpose in educational situations is known as Diagnostic Testing. The process of determining the causes of educational difficulties is known as educational diagnosis. The scope of educational diagnosis is much larger than the use of tests and examinations. It is not proper to limit the scope of diagnosis to locating the causes that interfere with the ordinary academic prognosis of the pupils.

### Importance of Educational Diagnosis

A satisfactory level of diagnosis can be reached when the teacher has gained sufficient insight into the nature of the child's problem and enables him I her to plan appropriate corrective instruction. To a great extent, this will be determined by the complexity of the individual problem. For attaining maximum effectiveness in teaching, diagnosis of a child's learning difficulties should be made as early as possible. When the nature, extent and causes of a child's retardation and acceleration are known, together with data on his or her capacity for learning, effective developmental or corrective teaching can be planned.

Suggested two major aspects of diagnosis in teaching.

- Determination of the extent to which desirable educational objectives are achieved.
- (2) Identification of factors that may be interfering with the optimum growth of the individual.

### Stages Of Preparation Of a Diagnostic Test

- (i) Planning
- (ii) Writing items



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Dr. Jayashree V. Rakkasagi Sri. Devaraja Y. Sri. Nagendrappa S. **Inclusion and Qualitative** 

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# Inclusion and Qualitative Expansion in Education

ಕ್ಷಾದಾನ ಇತ್ಯಾದಿ ವಿಷಯಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಬೇಕು. ನ್ನು ಕ್ಷಣ್ಣ ಕಭೇರಿಯವರು ಪ್ರತಿ ಶಾಲೆಗೂ ವಿವಿಧ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಕೋರಿ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಕರೆ ರೇ ಹಾಗೂ ವಿವಿಧ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ಆಯೋಜಿಸುವಂತೆ ಚಿಯಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಆದೇಶಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊರಡಿಸಬೇಕು. ಈ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಚಟುವಟಕೆಗಳು ಎಡಬಡದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಜನಿಕ್ಕಿಂದು ಘಂಟೆಯ ಕಾಲಾವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಭಂತರವಾಗಿ ಒಂದು ಘಂಟೆಯ ಕಾಲಾವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆಯಬೇಕು.

ನ್ನಾರ್ಯವರು ತಮಗೆ ಯಾರಿಂದ ಪತ್ರ ಬಂತು, ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಕ್ಷದ ವಿಚಾರವೇನು ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ತಮಗೆ ನೀಡಿದ 'ಇವರಿಂದ ಇವರಿಗೆ ರಿಜಿಸರ್' ಕ್ಕೆ ದಾಗ್ರುಗಳು (ಅಭಾರಂಧ ಭೂಡಾವೆದು) ,ವವರಂದ–ವವರಿಗ್ರ ರಿಜಿಸೆಡ್. ಪ್ರತ್ಯ 305 ನಿಮಿಷಗಳನ್ನು ಒಂದು ತಿಂಗಳ ಕಾಲಾವಧಿ ಎಂದು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಯಂದ ಪ್ರತಿ ಗುಂಪಿನವರು ಒಂದು ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಲು ಎಷ್ಟು ಕಾಲಾವಧಿಯನ್ನು ತ್ತಿಗೆ ಹೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ತೀರ್ಮಾನಿಸಲು ಸಹಾಯಕವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

308 - 5. ಕಂತಿಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಎಲ್ಲರು ಮನಃ ತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇರಿ, ಪ್ರತಿ ಗುಂಪಿನ ಪತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ಓದಿ ್ಷೇಷಿಸಬೇಕು. ಪತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿನ ಉತ್ತಮಾಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ಹಾಗೂ ದೋಷಗಳನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ ಸ್ವರೂ ಮಹವಾಗಿ ಚರ್ಚಿಸಬೇಕು ಹಾಗೂ ಸುಧಾರಣೆಗೆ ಆಗತ್ನ ಸಲಹೆ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳನ್ನು ್ಷೀಡದೇಕು. ಇದರಿಂದ ಪ್ರತಿ ಗುಂಪಿನವರು ಯಾವ ಯಾವ ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರವ್ಯವಹಾರವನ್ನು ನಡೆಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅವರು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡ ಕಾಲಾವಧಿ, ಪತ್ರದ ಶೈಲಿ ಮಂತಾದವುಗಳು ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಪರಿಚಯವಾಗಿ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರ ಅನುಭವಗಳು ವಿಸ್ತಾರಗೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತವೆ. ಅಂತಿಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಪತ್ರವ್ಯವಹಾರವನ್ನು ಗುಣಾತ್ಮಕವಾಗಿ ನಡೆಸಿದವರಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಶಂಸೆಯ ಮಾತುಗಳನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಹೇಳಬೇಕು.

ಈ ಮೇಲಿನ ಹಂತಗಳನ್ನು ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 2/3 ಬಾರಿ ಮನರಾವರ್ತಿಸಬೇಕು. ಇದರಿಂದ ಹಿಕರ ಬರೆವಣಿಗೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂವಹನಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯಗಳು ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆ.

5. ಉಪಕ್ರಮದ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನಗಳು :

ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರು ಚುರುಕುತನದಿಂದ ಪಾಲ್ಗೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಾರೆ.

2 ತರಗತಿಯು ಲವಲವಿಕೆಯಿಂದ ಕೂಡಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

'ಮಾಡಿಕಲಿ', 'ಪಾಲ್ಡೊಂಡು ಕಲಿ' ತತ್ವವನ್ನು ಇದು ಆಧರಿಸಿದೆ.

4. ಪ್ರತಿ .ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರೂ ತಮ್ಮ ದೋಷಗಳನ್ನು ತಾವೇ ಅರಿತು ಸರಿಪಡಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಸಹಾಯಕವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

 ಕಲಿಕೆ ಭಾರ ಅನಿಸುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಆಸಕ್ತಿಯಿಂದ ಸಕ್ತಿಯವಾಗಿ ಪಾಲ್ಗೊಂಡು ಕಲಿಯುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಬರೆವಣಿಗೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂವಹನಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯಗಳು ಸುಧಾರಣೆಗೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತವೆ.

7. ಶಾಲೆಯ ಪ್ರತಿ ವ್ಯಾವಹಾರಗಳು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರಿಗೂ ತೀಯಲ್ಪಡುತ್ತವೆ.

8. ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಸ್ಕರ ಸಹಕಾರ ಹಾಗೂ ಕೂಡಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡುವ ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿ ಬೆಳವಣಿಗೆಯಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರ ಭಾಷಾ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯ ಸುಧಾರಿಸಿ ಪತ್ರ ವ್ಯವಹಾರ ಉತ್ತಮಗೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತದೆ.

10. ಪತ್ರ ವ್ಯವಹಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಳಂಬ ತೋರುವ ಮನೋಭಾವವನ್ನು ದೂರಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ. 11. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ಸಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುವ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯ ವೃದ್ಧಿಯಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಈ ಉಪಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಅನುಷ್ಟಾನಕ್ಕೆ ತರುವ ಹಂತಗಳು ಸುಲಭವಾಗಿವೆ.

6. ಉಪಸಂಹಾರ :

ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದ ಗುಣಮಟ್ಟವನ್ನು ಸುಧಾರಿಸುವಲ್ಲಿ ವಿವಿಧ ತಜ್ಞರು ಹೊಸ ಹೊಸ ಪ್ರಯೋಗಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಲೇ ಬಂದಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಕಲಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಉತ್ತಮಪಡಿಸುವ ಹಲವಾರು ಉಪಕ್ರಮಗಳು ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಚಲಿತದಲ್ಲಿವೆ. ಯಾವುದೇ ಒಂದು ಉಪಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಅನುಸರಿಸಿ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ವಿಷಯಗಳನ್ನು ಬೋಧಿಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ. ಆಯಾ ವಿಷಯದ ಸ್ವರೂಪಕ್ಕೆ ಅನುಗುಣವಾಗಿ ಸೂಕ್ತ ಉಪಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಜಾಣ್ಮೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರಲ್ಲಿ ಬರಬೇಕು. ಈ ದಿಸೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರ ಬರೆವಣಿಗೆ ಹಾಗೂ ಸಂವಹನ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯವನ್ನು ಸುಧಾರಿಸುವಲ್ಲಿ 'ಈಗಲೇ ಬರೆಯುತ್ತೇನೆ' ಉಪಕ್ರಮವು ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಮಹತ್ವನ್ನು ಪಡೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಉಪಕ್ರಮವು ಕೃತಕ ಸನ್ನಿವೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆಯುವ ಚಟುವಟಿಕೆಯಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಸರಳವಾಗಿ ಅನುಷ್ಟಾನಕ್ಕೆ ತರಬಹುದಾಗಿದೆ. ಈ ಉಪಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಿಚಯಿಸುವ ಕೆಲಸ ಆಗಬೇಕು. ಅದೇ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇವಾ ನಿರತ ತರಬೇತಿಗಳಲ್ಲೂ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರಿಗೆ ಇದರ ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಸಬೇಕು. ಯಾವುದೇ ತರಬೇತಿ ನೀಡದೆ ಗುಣಾತ್ಮಕ ಫಲಿತಾಂಶವನ್ನು ನಿರೀಕ್ಷಿಸುವ ಬದಲಿಗೆ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಿಚಯಿಸಿರುವ 'ಈಗಲೇ ಬರೆಯುತ್ತೇನೆ' ಉಪಕ್ರಮದ ತರಬೇತಿಯನ್ನು ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರಿಗೆ ನೀಡಿ ಉತ್ತಮ ಫಲಿತಾಂಶವನ್ನು ನಿರೀಕ್ಷಿಸಬಹುದಾಗಿದೆ. ಆಧುನಿಕ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನದ ಈ ಯುಗದಲ್ಲೂ ಪತ್ರ ವ್ಯವಹಾರ ತನ್ನ ಮಹತ್ವವನ್ನು ಕಳೆದುಕೊಂಡಿಲ್ಲ. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಪ್ರತಿ ಯೋಜನೆಗಳು, ತೀರ್ಮಾನಗಳು, ಸುತ್ತೋಲೆಗಳು, ಆದೇಶಗಳು ಬರೆವಣಿಗೆಯಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಇರುತ್ತವೆ. ಶಾಲೆಗಳೂ ಬರೆವಣಿಗೆಯ ಮೂಲಕವೇ ವ್ಯವಹರಿಸಬೇಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ಪ್ರಸ್ತಿತ 'ಈಗಲೇ ಬರೆಯುತ್ತೇನೆ' ಉಪಕ್ರಮವು ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಮಹತ್ವವನ್ನು ಪಡೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತದೆ.

### MNEMONIC STRATEGY-A WAY OF IMPROVING ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

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### Abstract

Memory and learning are interrelated; learning justifies academic achievement of students. The exam system is based on memory. Memory plays vital role in better achievement. One who have good memory he can achieve more. Teachers instruct the lesson but don't acquaint how to keep learnt thing into their memory. Thus an attempt was made by the investigator to prepare the memory training techniques memory by inculcating (Mnemonics) given by eminent psychologists and experts to help the students to become aware of their memory practice, in addition this strategy helps teachers to teach the lesson by make use of memory techniques and practice techniques in the classroom. This article provides information on the utility, and effectiveness, of mnemonic strategies in enhancing memory for school learning.

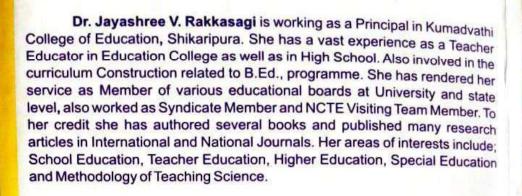
Mnemonic strategy, Encoding mnemonics, Spelling Mnemonics, Concept Mapping Name Mnemonics,

#### Mnemonic strategies

A Mnemonic is a technique or device, such as a word, short poem,, an image or sentence, that uses familiar associations to enhance the storage and recall of information in memory. It

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